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for Trees, Flowers and Vegetables.

MUSHROOM SPAWN.

RECENT WORKS ON GARDENING.

GARDENING TOOLS.
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

16th September, 1883. [632]

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Proprietors, Worcester; and

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LEE AND PERRINS' SAUCE

Or Grocers and Druggists

throughout the world.

[633]

NOTICE.

A. S. WATSON AND CO.

FAMILY AND DISPENSING

CHEMISTS.

By Appointment to His Excellency the Go-

VERNOR and His Royal Highness the

Duke of EDINBURGH,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DRUGGISTS,

PHERUMERS.

PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS.

DRUGGISTS' SUNDRYMAN,

And

AERATED WATER MAKERS.

SHIP'S MEDICINE CHESTS REFRIGERATE,

PASSENGER SHIPS SUPPLIED.

NOTICE.—To avoid delay in the execution of Orders it is particularly requested that all business communications be addressed to the Firm, A. S. WATSON and Co., or

HONGKONG DISPENSARY. [23]

NOTICES TO CORRESPONDENTS.

All letters for publication should be written on one side of the paper only.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not entered for a fixed period will be discontinued until surrendered.

MARRIAGE.

On the 22nd instant, at the Cathedral, Hongkong, by the Rev. Wm. H. C. Collier, Chaplain to the Rev. Mr. COLEMAN JONES, of H. B. M.'s Staff Corps for China and Japan, to CECILIA, elder daughter of John Gall Mitchell, deceased, late manager of the Bank of Bombay, Bombay. [1725]

DEATH.

At Kowloon, on the 22nd Sept., CHARLES BUNGEZ, master of the British barque "Alvin's Isle." [1726]

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, SEPTEMBER 29TH, 1883.

[23]

It is rather difficult to understand, by the Reuter's telegrams on the subject, how the negotiations between France and China are proceeding. The mediation of England has been sought and given, and Lord Granville is now, we presume, trying to bring about an understanding and agreement between the two powers. So far back as the 10th instant, a Paris telegram by the Havas Agency stated that the Chinese Ambassador proposed that the Red River should be the limit of the French Protectorate in Tonquin, and this bears out the statement made in Reuter's telegram dated the 26th inst. The chief divergence between the statements of the first telegram and the assertion of the Times is this—that one refers to the Protectorate, the other speaks of downright annexation. According to the Paris journal just quoted, the Chinese Government proposes—and this under the influence of England—that France should annex the whole of Annam as far as the Red River, and that China should take possession of the remainder of Tonquin. It may be true that the Cochinchinese are miserables, helpless people, and that they must, in the natural order of things, fall under the dominion of a stronger race, but this is certainly a cool way of disposing of them. It is, however, in accord with the policy developed of late by the Peking Government, of which the forcible intervention in Korea and abduction of the Da-i in Korea is the latest example. That the French Government should hold out for the terms of Songkoi is readily understandable, for it is known to be exceedingly fertile, while a great part of Annam proper is exceedingly poor country. Moreover the mines about which so much has been said, but concerning which so little is apparently known, lie in the territory which China proposes to add to her own vast empire. It may puzzle some persons to divine for what reasons the Peking Government should so stubbornly contend against the establishment of a French Protectorate right up to the borders of Yunnan. Until this telegram arrived, it had always been believed that Chinese opposition arose simply from a dread of French—or indeed any foreign—influence on their immediate frontier; but it would now appear that the mandarins have other objects in view. They desire to interpose a limit and a check upon the extension of French authority in Indo-China, and while doing so they are not indifferent to the advantages derivable from the possession of so fertile and productive a country as Tonquin. They doubtless view it as a granary from whence to draw a reserve of rice, while they would have no objections to opening mines that lay outside the boundaries of China proper. As proof of this it is only necessary to point to Chinese action in Korea, where they are quite ready to promote mining enterprises. To secure their acquisition from future interference from France they propose to open the Songkoi to all nations. It must be confessed that the programme is a bold one, and according to the telegram of the 24th inst. the Chinese adhere tenaciously to it. The question is now apparently which of the two nations is to yield, of whether any mutual concession is possible. The present situation is both interesting and exciting; but foreign lookers-on, in China at all events, would be relieved to see the difficulty solved.

The British steamer "Crusader" goes to the Cosmopolitan dock to-day.

The verdict in the case of Logan, at Canton, is, as will be seen by the telegram at the end of our report, one of manslaughter.

We understand from the Registrar that judgment will be given in the case *Blandford v. Abbott* at the Supreme Court at eleven o'clock on Monday morning.

An announcement will be found on one front page of great interest to lovers of the odd game in the Cricket Ground will be open for play from this afternoon.

With the exception of the charge of libel there were no cases of interest at the Police Court yesterday. A number of men were fined for being at large during the night without light and pass, and a large batch of hawkers' offences was disposed of.

A concert will take place in the Theatre Royal, with the members of the American Ladies' Band. The programme is under the patronage of His Excellency Major-General Sir George Grey, the Colonel and Officers of the Buffs. The programme will be found on our front page.

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The British barque "Alvin's Isle" arrived here on Tuesday last from Keelung, in charge of the Master, Mr. A. Walden. The freight of the late Capt. Chas. Burgess will regret to hear of his death on Saturday, the 22nd inst., at Keelung. Capt. Burgess had been trading to Hongkong for some years and had made a large circle of friends by whom he was much respected.

The Hongkong Volunteers will now have to get to work again with their drilling, for the drill season having set in notices have been sent round to the men notifying the arrangements made. Drills or parades will be held on all but one day next week, and a battery is to be regularly appointed and put into division, so that there will soon be one properly appointed battery, and it is to be hoped that enough recruits will shortly be enrolled to make up the required strength of another.

The inquiry into the cause of death of Alvin's Isle was continued at the Magistracy by Mr. E. Hodson, Coroner, a jury consisting of Messrs. W. Woburn, H. J. Smith, J. G. L. Shattock, Wong Kee, and from his evidence it appeared that the deceased, with twenty-one other coolies, was abashed at a window taking a bath out of the stateroom. The boiler had been raised out of the vessel and was being lowered to the ground when the twelve o'clock ticks bell rang and the crew immediately left hold of the windlass and rushed off. The bell was rung again and the boiler fell to the ground, rapidly unwinching the windlass, and one of the handles struck dead.

Deceased was taken to the hospital, but died Inspector Cameron said that none of the Europeans at the dock saw the accident, and the last who did his duty was a man who assisted the extraction of the windlass, and stated that the Europeans at the dock had informed him that in lowering heavy weights a hatchet ought to be used, so as to stop the ship.

Mrs. Oberon was suffering from such evident indisposition that the only surprise is that she was equal to sustaining the call upon her powers of endurance. Mrs. Oberon is an old Hongkong favourite, and I trust we may often see her in the perfect role for which she is so qualified. Mrs. Fraser looked charming in her blousy wig and peculiarly suitable "get up," showing careful study and attention, and the character of Miss Neville was in capable hands.

The ceremony—"The corridor at old Hardcastle's" was calculated to give one of the brown. I never saw anything more dismal: The "Three Fleeces" was better, though still dismal, but the natural hilarity of the gathering quite made up for the indifferent surroundings. Then came the abominable corridor once more, but not for long, for it was speedily followed by the out-fit of scones of the pie, the "Hall of old Hardcastle's," as an old English eaten here: this was excellent, and right glad was I to find old Scone called to bow his acknowledgment.

This scene with the exception of the "at the back of the cardan," was the only other one of the piece, and it is to be regretted that so much talent was to be wasted.

Everyone who speaks of the spirit amongst the Chinese as regards foreigners seems to be of opinion that the feeling is one of deepest hostility. Of the various events which, following upon each other, have culminated in this regrettably sad result I need not speak, for they are generally known. But I do not think that the European public generally are aware that among the evilly disposed active means are being adopted to feel the fangs of antagonism. One of these means is the scattering broadcast of a villainous wood-cut illustrating the invasion of Shamen, in which the natives are represented as bearing weapons of war such as spears, pairs of swords (one in each hand), &c. The invaders or "conquerors" are depicted as pursuing the cowardly foreigners who are in full flight. The wood-cut is accompanied by letter press text explaining, in language as virulent and as hideous as it is mendacious the circumstances of the defeat of the hated foreigners and the taking, burning, and sacking of the settlement. Not content with dissipating this dangerous publication in Canton, it seems that some persons have had the hardboiled to print, publish, and scatter copies of the same within the city of Victoria itself. This must have come to the notice of the Police, for I hear that the publication has been emphatically stopped. It is to be hoped that an example will be made of the offenders.

Now to the audience. The house was full or nearly so. The capture of all the best seats by the bachelors immediately the tickets are ready for issue, has already produced an inevitable result. Society is going to the stalls. And small wonder: "To have been there once is to go again. One has infinitely better seats without the aid of a glass. Opinions differ as to the degree of heat, some declare it to be quite as cool as in the dress circle, others thinking it otherwise. There are disadvantages in the way of exit, and from the close proximity of the band, but, taken all round, the body of the house is quite as good if not better, and there is not the same struggle for best positions. The bachelors will, in a measure, have to thank themselves for the altered appearance the house will present. Society will take itself to the stalls perfectly indifferent to what may have been old prejudices on the subject. As it was, the house last Tuesday presented by no means the appearance upstairs of the days of the "fights for boxes," and eventually the curtain will be left principally to the "leading bachelors."

It might appear from the foregoing that I cavil at this distribution of characters. Nothing is more remote from my purpose. I look back to the familiar names of the A.D.C. and question whether any one among them could have sustained the parts allotted to those acting last a few weeks ago that I questioned in this column if the society existed. I assumed that it still did so unless the non-collection of the annual subscription of \$5 per member was to be taken as an indication of the society being defunct. When I read the announcement that the complimentary performances Mrs. Oberon was to be given by the A.D.C.'t' I was right glad to find evidence that the corps was alive and flourishing. It was only on arriving at the Théâtre and seeing the names in the programme that I first learnt that not one of the renegades of the Society appeared to be acting, and that all the principal characters, as well as the minor ones, were mostly filled by those I have hitherto understood to be the leading lights of the Dramatic Corps of the Buffs!

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Witness—I was not there. It was between seven and eight on the morning of the 12th when the prisoner came to my house. When he left he went back towards the bridge.

The Crown Advocate.—I am a doctor of medicine and medical attendant to the British Consul and the Imperial Customs. I remember the 12th August and receiving a request that morning from Mr. Loche, who was then Acting Commissioner of Customs. In consequence of that request I crossed over to Honan. I went first to Luoyang, I think belonging to Mr. Mates, where there was a Chinese woman. I was shown her lifeless body and remained on the upper part. It seemed that something had passed through the left dotted muscle. There were two apertures to the wound, one anterior and one posterior. I concluded from the appearance of the two apertures that the woman had been struck by a bullet in front which had passed out behind.

The Crown Advocate.—Could it have struck the heart or other direction?

Witness.—It could not have been so far forward as that; nothing of that kind.

Mr. Francis.—Did you see any Chinese woman near the prisoner's house asking him to come here? That was after we came back. After we went to King Kee's we returned to Mr. Logan's house. When we got back there I did not see Neilson still there.

Mr. Francis.—Can you say whether it had been recently fired or not?

Witness.—I could not form an opinion, not being sufficiently acquainted to know whether it was recently fired or three weeks ago.

Mr. Francis.—When you got back to the prisoner's house from King Kee's what happened?—When we got to Mr. Logan's house I saw an old woman at the door.

Witness.—There was nothing the matter with her that you saw?—She said she was wounded, and I think she was wounded in the left shoulder. She said some people told her that she had been shot.

Mr. Francis.—What was she told about it?

Witness.—She said she was wounded by Chinese to a Chinese man in the house.

Mr. Francis.—Mrs. Logan said nothing else.

Mr. Francis.—She may have been wounded somewhere else; tell her to go away.

Mr. Francis.—Did she do anything to her?—I do not see two.

Mr. Francis.—Both I and Mr. Logan went to see the man and was not allowed to touch him, so I saw nothing to show that a bullet had entered one side and passed through, but I saw nothing inconsistent with that statement.

Witness.—I was after this taken to see a boy lying nearer to the river. He was dead. I thought he was about ten years old or so, and formed an opinion that from the size of his body that he had been dead some time. I saw a boy about ten o'clock. It was shown a large wound situated in the abdomen. The wound had penetrated the skin, and it was situated about an inch below the umbilical cartilage, and below the lower part of the breast bone, and just to the right side. I cannot form any opinion as to how it was caused, and I cannot say more than that it penetrated the skin. It appeared to be a linear wound, and I saw nothing to show that it was caused by some blunt object, such as a bullet from a gun. I saw the wounded woman on the lower part of the body, on the left side. I spoke to Mr. Loche, who was with me, to try to have him removed to the hospital, and I expected to see him again, but I did not see him again until the next day.

Witness.—No, I only saw one wound.

The Crown Advocate.—Had you an opportunity of seeing the body?

Witness.—I am considerably look at it.

A Jurymen.—How were you prepared?

Witness.—There was no actual opposition, but there was a large and very excited crowd; and I did not feel particularly safe.

The Crown Advocate.—I propose now, my Lord, to examine the prisoner Johnson.

Johnson.—What was that brought in? He said—My name is Malachy Johnson. I belong to Piedmont and am a Russian subject. On the 12th August last I was in the Customs service in Canton, and am not in that service now. I remember when I was there on the afternoon and evening of the 11th August I was on board the steamer Kiang Ping on Customs duty, with the prisoner, Neilson, Mr. Jervis, and Mr. Van Koken. It was twelve o'clock at night when I came ashore from the Kiang Ping. Mr. Jervis left before, and the prisoner and I, Mr. Van Koken and myself landed together at the same time. We landed there and signed off at day at 12.30. We then crossed over to the Honan side and went to King Kee's. The prisoner and Neilson were with me at King Kee's; no one else. We drank a glass bottle of German beer in the shop, and we told the proprietor to send five more bottles to their home. We drank nothing more than a few bottles of beer at King Kee's. Neilson and myself went to Neilson's house. The prisoner and I lay down in the way and joined at Neilson's house about three quarters of an hour afterwards, and we all three played cards. We remained in Neilson's house till about half past six on the morning of the 13th playing cards all the time. The prisoner and I lay down in the bed and we slept. The next morning we were in the house, that I saw. I lay down in the bed and Mr. Logan and I walked past him. I roused the man to Mr. Logan, "look at that foolish man (meaning Neilson) struggling with Chinese."

Mr. Francis.—When you left the house how were you dressed?

Witness.—I had on blue clothes, and I think Neilson had blue clothes also, and Logan I think had white trousers and a yellow silk coat.

Had you anything in your hands?—No.

Was Neilson carrying anything in his hands?—No.

Or the prisoner?—No.

What happened next?—A crowd of Chinese began to gather up and heave stones at us. We were then very close to Mr. Logan's house.

What caused the Chinese to gather up?—I don't know how the row began; I don't know what made them throw stones, as the row began with Neilson.

In what state were you at this time?—I can not say I was sober then. It was not because of what I drank; I had only drunk beer, but I had nothing to eat all day, and had been at work since twelve o'clock.

Cross-examined by Mr. Wise.—Did you not say you did not see the prisoner get out of his revolver?

Witness.—Yes. I did not see him load it. I went on duty on the Kiang Ping, at eight o'clock on Saturday morning, and remained there till noon. I was living in the same street close to the prisoner's house. Logan did not stay again to the eastward after speaking to the old woman; he went right upstairs.

Can you tell us if there were any stones or bricks inside the prisoner's house?—There were some stones in there, but I don't know how they got there. Logan's front door opened into an empty room, and the stones were in that room.

Do you remember seeing the Chinese boy or the Chinese woman you call Mr. Logan that morning?—She was there when I saw the old woman. I did not see the black revolver loaded by anyone.

Did the prisoner go on the bridge more than once?—I did not see him more than once.

Could he have gone on the bridge before six o'clock?—I think he must have gone past him.

Do you recall seeing a Parisie and were you and Logan talking to him that morning on the bridge?—No.

Have you any recollection of a dog being struck in the street?—No.

Was the prisoner's door open or shut when you first arrived?—I don't recall. I have no recollection while I was on the street. I heard a noise coming from the house. There were Chinese living in the street across the prisoner's house. Logan did not stay again to the eastward after speaking to the old woman; he went right upstairs.

Can the prisoner strike any coolies with a stick that morning?—No.

Show me how Logan used this revolver that morning?—He loaded it.

Witness showed, pointing the revolver slightly upwards from the level of his face.

Did Logan knock down?—Yes. Logan said nothing about frightening the Chinese when he said they were firing at him. I left Neilson at Logan's house, and when I came back from King Kee's he was gone.

How long were you going from the bridge to King Kee's?—About twenty minutes.

Middlesex made 337 strokes. Gloucestershire, 149, and 234 for 9 wickets, and the match had to be drawn in favour of the former. The finish was most exciting. When the last man went in there was still ten minutes before the call of time. The batsman, however, contrived to keep up their wickets, and Gloucestershire were thus enabled to avoid a narrow defeat. They still had 111 not out of their opponents' 140. The batsmen were Mr. D. Walker made 145, the Hon. Mr. L. L. L. D. Walker made 145, Mr. C. T. Studd 91; and Mr. C. T. Studd 91. The highest score made by the losers were Mr. W. G. Grace 36 and Mr. M. Moberly 75, and Mr. Gilbert 79.

Kent have most unexpectedly beaten Lancashire by 21 runs. Neilson also scored much, Kent 82-118, and Lancashire 97-22. During the last hour the excitement was intense, but the excitement was greater when the batsman of Kent won the match. During the match Middlesex took 18 wickets at a cost of less than 7 runs per wicket, a most remarkable achievement.

Nottingham and Middlesex have drawn their return match in favour of the former, whose bowling was very good. Barres made 91-85, and Flower 77-73. For Middlesex, Mr. J. D. Walker 64, and Mr. B. Studd 55 did best.

Witness.—He went towards the bridge, but I did not see him go beyond Neilson's house.

Did he come back to the bridge after running away from you?—No.

Did you notice which of the two revolvers had you seen before, the prisoner had in his hand?—The black one; when he fired it I could see he held it pretty high, as if he was going over the heads of the people.

When he fired it, how close were you to him?—I was about five feet behind. I did not see Neilson at that time. Then I told Mr. Logan to fire, and turned round and said a bad word?—Some Chinese broke into his house about a week before and stole things and then Mr. Logan reported it and got the watchman to fire.

A Jurymen.—Do you know any of those watchmen who got into trouble?

Witness.—No.

Did you go on board the Kiang Ping at night in the morning, and remain till twelve at night?—Yes we heard Macao, and come up with her. Nothing is given us to eat on board.

His Lordship.—Then why do you not take something? I have you now in your care.

Did you see any dreams with the Chinese at all?—No.

Did you at any time that morning see the

Chinese with anything worse than bamboo or stones?—I only saw the Chinese with stones, and no bamboo. When I ran with the stone I left the prisoner behind me near his own door. I was ten or fifteen feet from him just by his side. He walked over the bridge eastward, and he said to me, "Come on." At that time he had the revolver in his hand. I said to him—"If you put that revolver away I will walk with you." He said lifting the revolver up and down from his side, but he did not use it. We went as far as King Kee's.

Witness.—I do not see any other threat in the street.

Did you not hear more than one report?—No.

Mr. Francis.—Bliss Chanceryman said—I am an American subject, of the firm of Messrs. Russell & Co., and am Vice Consul for Sweden and Norway. The man Neilson was released here, and has gone to Shanghai. I have not seen him since. I was present in court investigating the case, and I think he was cleared.

Witness.—I think belonging to Mr. Mates, where there was a Chinese woman. I was shown her lifeless body and remained on the upper part.

It seemed that something had passed through the left dotted muscle. There were two apertures to the wound, one anterior and one posterior. I concluded from the appearance of the two apertures that the woman had been struck by a bullet in front which had passed out behind.

The Crown Advocate.—Could it have struck the heart or other direction?

Witness.—It could not have been so far forward as that; nothing of that kind.

Mr. Francis.—When you got back to the prisoner's house from King Kee's what happened?—When we got to Mr. Logan's house I saw an old woman at the door.

Witness.—There was nothing the matter with her that you saw?—She said she was wounded, and I think she was wounded in the left shoulder. She said some people told her that she had been shot.

Mr. Francis.—What was she told about it?

Witness.—She said she was wounded by Chinese to a Chinese man in the house.

Mr. Francis.—Mrs. Logan said nothing else.

Mr. Francis.—She may have been wounded somewhere else; tell her to go away.

Did she do anything to her?—I do not see two.

Mr. Francis.—Both I and Mr. Logan went to see the man and was not allowed to touch him, so I saw nothing to show that a bullet had entered one side and passed through, but I saw nothing inconsistent with that statement.

Witness.—I was after this taken to see a boy lying nearer to the river. He was dead. I thought he was about ten years old or so, and formed an opinion that from the size of his body that he had been dead some time.

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INSURANCES.

UNIVERSAL LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.
ESTABLISHED 1884.
INSURANCES BROKEN for Life or Short Periods; on Joint Lives; and on the limited payment system.
For Particulars, apply to LINSTEAD & DAVIS, Agents.

7th December, 1882.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.
HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

CAPITAL (FULL SUBSCRIBED) \$1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

LEUNG On, Pres.

BAN HUP, Esq., TOWNG FENG, Esq.

CHAN LI CHOY, Esq., Q. HOT CHUNG, Esq.

The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS to all parts of the World, payable at any of its Agencies.

Contributory Dividends are payable to all Contributors of Business, whether they are Shareholders or not.

WOO LIN YUEN, Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 2, Queen's Road West, Hongkong, 14th March, 1883.

1705

NOTICE.

QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS on First-class Godowns at 1 per cent Net premium per annum.

NORTON & Co., Agents.

30th May, 1883.

NORTH GERMAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY AT HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT INSURANCES to the extent of \$20,000, on first-class risks of current rates.

MELCHERS & Co.

27th March, 1883.

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned, Agents of the above Company, are authorized to INSURE against FIRE at Current Rates.

GILMAN & Co.

1st January, 1883.

THE SOUTH BRITISH FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, OF NEW ZEALAND.

CAPITAL \$1,000,000 (One Million Sterling).

UNLIMITED LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS.

The Undersigned, having been Appointed Agents for the above Company, are prepared to accept FIRE AND MARINE RISKS at Current Rates, allowing usual discounts.

RUSSELL & Co., Agents.

1st September, 1882.

SUN FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are prepared from this date to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE at the Reduced Tariff Rates to the extent of \$50,000 on First-class Risks.

LINSTEAD & DAVIS, Agents.

San Fire Office.

12th May, 1883.

TRANSATLANTIC FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF HAMBURG.

The Undersigned, having been appointed Agents for this above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SIEMSEN & Co., Agents.

16th November, 1883.

THE LONDON ASSURANCE COMPANY.

INCORPORATED BY TOTAL CHARTER OF HIS MAJESTY KING GEORGE THE FIRST.

A.D. 1720.

THE Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Corporation, are prepared to accept Insurance for all kinds—

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Polices issued at current rates, payable either here, in London, or at the principal Ports of India, China, and Australia.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

Polices issued for long or short periods of current rates.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Polices issued for sum not exceeding \$5,000, at reduced rates.

HOLLIDAY, WISE & Co.

26th July, 1872.

MANCHESTER FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF MANCHESTER AND LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1824.

CAPITAL OPERATES COMPANY \$1,000,000 Sterling, OF WHICH IS PAID UP \$1,000,000 Sterling, RESERVE FUND UPWARD \$1,000,000 Sterling, OF WHICH \$250,000 Sterling.

ANNUAL INCOME \$1,000,000 Sterling.

The Undersigned have been appointed Agents for this above Company, and are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$30,000 on any one.

FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS.

RATES FIRST-CLASS GODOWNS REDUCED TO 1/2 PER CENT. NET PER ANNUM FROM THIS DATE.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.

Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

9th May, 1881.

THE CHINA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

Is prepared to ACCEPT FIRST-CLASS RISKS at 1/2 per cent. Net premium, and other Insurance at Current Rates.

Agencies at all the Treaty Ports of China and Japan, and at Singapore, Siam, Penang, and the Philippines.

J. B. COUGHTRIE, Secretary.

27th March, 1882.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

The Undersigned Agents for the above Company, are prepared to GRANT POLICIES against FIRE to the extent of \$30,000 on any one.

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GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co., Agents.

Imperial Fire Insurance Company.

9th May, 1881.

THE CHINA MERCHANTS INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—SHANGHAI.

CAPITAL (FULLY SUBSCRIBED) \$1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

TONG KING SING, Esq., Chairman.

CHU YU CHEZ, Esq., CHANG SHU, Esq.

CHING TO CHAI, Esq., YIP YU TIN, Esq.

and other Directors.

SHEN CHEF, Esq., Secretary.

The Company GRANTS POLICIES on MARINE RISKS at Current Rates to all parts of the World.

Usual returns of Premiums are made to all Contributors of Business whether Shareholders or not.

HO SHIEN CHEE, Secretary.

Head Office, Newgate Road,

Shanghai, 1st June, 1883.

INSURANCES.

PHOENIX FIRE OFFICE.

The Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES OF INSURANCE against FIRE at the following Rates:

On First-class European Transports, at 1 1/2% Net per Annum.

On First-class Godowns, & Merchandise stored.

On Coal, at 1 1/2% Net per Annum.

On Cotton in China, at 1 1/2% Net per Annum.

On First-class Clauses, Tenements, at 2 1/2% Net per Annum.

On Second-class Clauses, Tenements, at 2 1/2% Net per Annum.

Agents for Phoenix Fire Office.

17th December, 1882.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—HONGKONG.

CAPITAL (FULLY SUBSCRIBED) \$1,000,000.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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WOOL LIN YUEN, Secretary.

HEAD OFFICE, No. 2, Queen's Road West, Hongkong, 14th March, 1883.

1705

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QUEEN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

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ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents.

January 1882.

CALEDONIAN FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1805.

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept Policies of Insurance against Fire on the usual terms.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents.

January 1882.

DUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co., Agents for Phoenix Fire Office.

5th August, 1881.

1705

NOTICE.

FOR SALE.

THE MAN ON INSURANCE COMPANY.

ESTABLISHED 1805.

The Undersigned having been appointed Agents for the above Company are prepared to accept Policies of Insurance against Fire on the usual terms.

ARNHOLD, KARBERG & Co., Agents.

January 1882.

1705

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THE VALUABLE BUSINESS PREMISES of Messrs. DRAKE & Co., with Large Substantial Godowns, Offices, and a Dwelling House, with the usual Outhouses, and about 20 feet Water Frontage, situated in the Treaty Port of Swatow, adjoining the Imperial Custom House, and forming about one-half of the business of the port.

For Particulars, apply to Mr. A. REIS, Agent.

Messrs. SIMSEN & Co., Agents.

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THE CHINESE CHRONICLE & DIRECTORY.

WITH THE CHINESE AND MANDARIN FRONTISPACIO.

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